



**2018-2019
Significant Manual Revisions**

Crew of Three

Page(s) #	Category	Reference	Change
94	Glossary of Terms		<p>Help - Refers to verbal and nonverbal communication between officials. Help may be requested or offered. As a result of the information conveyed the official responsible for stopping the clock or the assisting official will give the appropriate signal. Depending on the information communicated, either official may give the appropriate signal. If the information is used to change the original ruling, the official responsible for stopping the clock shall give the appropriate signal. If the help information is to communicate an original ruling, the assisting official should give the appropriate signal. Wedding bands and engagement rings are the only jewelry permitted. Fitness bands are not allowed</p>
96	Officials Jewelry	C	<p>Wedding bands and engagement rings are the only jewelry permitted. Fitness bands are not allowed.</p>
99	Special Situations (New)	IX-E	<p>Clock Awareness - One Minute Remaining - Recommend officials in crew raise an index finger in the air.</p>
99	Special Situations (New)	IX-S	<p>Net gets hung up on ring with the clock running...</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Follow procedures established by your state association. 2. If your state does not provide any guidance, it is recommended that officials make a mental note of the situation and allow play to continue until the next dead ball with a stopped clock OR the ball is in team control of the affected team in their front court and they are not making an immediate try for goal. Quickly have game management untangle the net and resume play at Point of Interruption.

100	Pregame: On the court	A.4	U1 observes the visitors home team, U2 observes the home visiting team. Umpires count players and provide information to the Referee
101	Captains, Coaches Meeting	B.1.c	Each umpire The U1 will summon the home team captains, The U2 will summon visiting team captains, a head coach (as defined by each state) and the captain(s) and the Referee will summon the head coaches.
107	Basic Position and Coverage Responsibilities - The Trail Official	10	Should take an initial starting position at or near the 28' line near the sideline when the ball is located in the frontcourt. When the ball/players are in the midcourt area, the Trail official should position adjust and work more toward the division line.
107	Basic Position and Coverage Responsibilities - The Trail Official	10.f	Should apply the close down mechanic (step toward the endline) on tries for goal. Should not retreat in anticipation of transition nor move in transition from the Trail to Lead position with his/her back turned to the play.
108	Basic Position and Coverage Responsibilities	12	On an attempted 3-point goal, the covering official will signal by extending one arm at head level with three fingers extended. It is recommended the official signal the 3-point attempt using the arm closest to the division line. If the attempt is successful, the official will raise both arms straight up with palms facing each other. The Trail and Center officials shall mirror all successful 3-point signals.
109	End of Quarter Procedures (New)	17.a & b	a. By rule, the game clock horn signals the end of the quarter/period unless there is a ball in flight on a try for goal. b. Officials should not sound the whistle to signify the end of the quarter/period unless they are ruling that the try was NOT released prior to the sounding of the horn.
109	End of Half Procedures	19 b	When coaches and players have left the confines of playing bench area, the Referee shall: 1. check with the scorer. 2. set the AP arrow. 3. instruct timer to notify teams and officials at least 3 minutes prior to start of second half.

109	End of Half Procedures	19 d.2.d	<p>c. When returning to the court each official observes the team they monitored during pregame warm up period.</p> <p>d. When warning horn sounds:</p> <p>2. Umpire 1</p> <p>a. goes to the table.</p> <p>b. checks with the scorer and timer for readiness.</p> <p>c. relays the ball to the Referee.</p> <p>d. informs each coach of team entitled to throw in</p> <p>d. assumes center position in the frontcourt.</p>
109	Extra Period	20	<p>The Referee shall inform the captains, head coaches, scorer and timer. The procedure will include:</p> <p>a. A 4-minute period, starting with a jump ball</p> <p>b. A new AP arrow setting</p> <p>c. Each team receives one additional 60-second time-out</p> <p>d. Teams' basket remains the same as the fourth quarter</p>
110	<p>Basic Positioning & Coverage Responsibilities -</p> <p>Straightline View vs. Open/ V-Angle View</p> <p>(New Graphic)</p>		<p>Being in the right position is critical for making correct rulings. Not only do officials have to be in the right position on the floor, but we must be in a position to be able to see through players to observe contact. The official on the left is looking at the numbers of both the ball handler and defender, has a "closed look",</p> <p>is "straight-lined" and is not in good position to observe and rule on any contact between the two players. The official must "Move to Improve" to get the "Open Angle" look between the players the official on the right has. By being able to see through the play and players and not looking at numbers officials have a better chance of seeing and ruling on contact rather than not having a clear look and guessing.</p>
117-119	<p>Press Coverage</p> <p>(New)</p>		<p>Ensuring proper press coverage requires adjusting positions as needed to observe all players and will vary depending on the location of the players and the ball. All three officials need to keep moving as the play moves to ensure they have an open look at any possible play scenario.</p> <p>Trail Official</p> <p>A. Responsible for the 10-second backcourt count.</p> <p>B. In most cases, responsible for the initial primary matchup after the throw-in.</p> <p>C. Remain behind the play to be able to observe any potential screens or defensive traps.</p>

			<p>Center Official</p> <p>A. Take a position off the court keeping the majority of the players in his part of the triangle.</p> <p>B. Move with the players as the play transitions from backcourt to frontcourt.</p> <p>C. Be in position to help with division line and backcourt violations.</p> <p>D. Be in position to help with plays on the opposite side of the court.</p> <p>Lead Official</p> <p>A. Obtain an initial starting position between the division line and the frontcourt free throw line extended depending on the location of the players</p> <p>B. Responsible for out-of-bounds plays on the sideline opposite the Trail official.</p> <p>C. Move as necessary to make sure all players are within the triangle and “boxed in”.</p> <p>D. Responsible for a long pass into the frontcourt.</p>
120, 122	<p>Screening - above three point arc</p> <p>(New)</p>		<p>Screening has become more prevalent in high school basketball as coaches copy and teach what they see at the collegiate level. There are many more ball screens in today’s offenses, both above the three point arc and at the elbow near or below the free throw line. Because these plays involve multiple players including a primary matchup on the ball handler, in many cases it is very difficult if not impossible for one official to adequately cover and rule on the play. This type of play often is referred to as a “two-official” play where coverage mechanics requires two officials to have responsibility in what is normally not a dual coverage area.</p> <p>Trail Official</p> <p>A. Primary responsibility for the ball handler and the ball handler’s primary defender.</p> <p>B. Secondary responsibility for the screener and the screener’s defender.</p> <p>C. Adjust his/her position to obtain and maintain an open look at all four players involved.</p> <p>Center Official</p> <p>A. Primary responsibility for the screener and the screener’s defender.</p> <p>B. Secondary responsibility for the ball, ball handler and the ball handler’s defender.</p> <p>C. Observe for any illegal contact by the screener’s defender (Freedom of Movement).</p> <p>D. Observe the legality of any screens.</p>

			<p>E. Adjust his/her position to obtain and maintain an open look at all four players involved.</p> <p>Lead Official</p> <p>A. A. Primary responsibility for any post play.</p> <p>B. Expand PCA to include any competitive matchups not covered by the center official.</p>
121, 123	<p>Screening -At Elbow</p> <p>(New)</p>		<p>There are primarily two types of screens at the elbow. One involves the ball handler setting the screen and the other involves a teammate setting the screen for the ball handler.</p> <p>Trail Official</p> <p>A. Primary responsibility for ball, ball handler and ball handler's defender.</p> <p>a. If the ball handler is the screener, observe the legality of the screen by the ball handler.</p> <p>i. Stationary, time and distance.</p> <p>ii. Do not allow the ball handler to move into an opponent after handing the ball off or passing the ball to a teammate.</p> <p>B. Secondary responsibility for the screener and the screener's defender.</p> <p>C. Adjust his/her position to obtain and maintain an open look at all four players involved.</p> <p>Lead Official</p> <p>A. Must be ball side.</p> <p>B. Primary responsibility for the screener and the screener's defender.</p> <p>C. Observe for any illegal contact by the screener's defender (Freedom of Movement).</p> <p>D. Observe the legality of any screens set.</p> <p>E. Adjust his/her position to obtain and maintain an open look at the screener and the screener's defender.</p> <p>Center Official</p> <p>A. Expands PCA to cover any competitive matchups in the free throw lane.</p> <p>B. If there are no competitive matchups in the free throw lane, may assist with screening action.</p> <p>C. Maintains coverage of off ball plays in his/her PCA.</p>
129	<p>Jump Ball Referee/Tossing Official</p>	B.1a	<p>1. The referee or tossing official</p> <p>a. Checks for readiness with table and partner and captains</p>
129	<p>Jump Ball Procedures – U1</p>	B.2.b	<p>Acknowledges Referee and confirms correct number of home team players.</p>

129	Jump Ball Procedures – U2	B.3.a	Acknowledges Referee and confirms correct number of visiting team players.
138	Violation Procedures	A.6. note	Note: Each signal in the sequence should be displayed independently of one another. Ideally officials should strive to stop the clock, signal direction, and indicate the spot using the same arm. Officials should avoid signaling direction across their torso. If this is not possible using same arm as was used to stop clock, officials should drop their stop clock arm and use the opposite arm to signal direction and if needed, switch arms again to indicate the spot.
138	Violation Procedures	B	1. Basket interference and Goaltending are reporting by going to reporting area 1. Officials may seek or offer help to ensure accurate rulings. 2. Warnings are to be reported by going to the reporting area.
148	Frontcourt Sideline Throw-in below FT line Extended (New)	Diagram	Lead shall administer the sideline throw-in when the designated spot is below the free throw line extended. Lead remains on the end line and shall bounce the ball to Thrower-in. Trail shall be responsible for the throw-in count and starting clock upon completion of throw-in.
151	Foul Procedures	A.6	At the site of the foul, verbalize the type of foul and give the appropriate signal. If player control, add the direction of the ensuing throw-in. If team control, add the team control signal followed by the direction of the ensuing throw-in.
152	Foul Procedures - Reporting	B.7	Verbalize Indicate the type of foul and give the appropriate signal. Use the same signal used at the spot of the foul.
152	Foul Procedures	C.7	A technical foul, direct or indirect, charged to the head coach results in the loss of coaching box privileges. The Referee An official shall inform the head coach.
180	Free Throw Coverage - Trail Official	4.a	Will take a position during Prior to the last attempt of a multiple free throws situation, shall take a position at the division line next to near the center circle. Identify substitutes that may enter before the final attempt

181	Free Throw Coverage - Lead Official	6.c	Back out of the free throw lane taking Take a position approximately 4 feet from nearer free throw lane line and off the court near the end line that allows the official to observe the players in the first lane space on the nearer lane line and in the three spaces on the farther lane line.
186	Timeout Procedures	B	Prior to granting a time-out request by the head coach, the official must see and or hear the coach.
186	Timeout Procedures	D	Make eye contact with partner and indicate the throw-in spot that will follow the time-out.
186	Timeout Procedures	M	Officials should not get involved with number of time-out(s) remaining. (Exception: To notify coach when granted his/her final timeout.) As required by Rule 2-7.12, official(s) shall notify the head coach when a team is granted its final allowable time out.
212	Signals (New)		Added "Tipped Ball" Signal - Used to communicate that the ball was legally touched by a defensive player in the frontcourt before it entered the backcourt.